

2019-2020
Third Grade
Intake & Pre-Assessment

PART 1 - INTEREST INTAKE

Fill in the blanks

1. What was your favorite activity/lesson(s) from music class last year?

2. What is your favorite genre of music (hip-hop, jazz, rock, etc.)?

3. Who is your favorite singer/musical group?

4. What is your favorite instrument to play in this room?

5. What is your favorite song right now?

PART 2 - PRE-ASSESSMENT

Choose the best answer

1. What is steady beat?

- a. A pulse that doesn't change
- b. The notes in the music
- c. The pitch of a note

2. There are...

- a. High and low beats
- b. Loud and soft beats
- c. Strong and weak beats

3. What does a conductor do?

- a. Leads and directs ensembles
- b. Creates the music an ensemble performs
- c. Keeps the choo-choo train on the tracks

4. What kind of meter is this?



- a. A walking meter
- b. A marching meter
- c. A waltzing meter

5. An ostinato is...

- a. A short, repeated melodic or rhythmic pattern
- b. A metallophone solo
- c. A kind of string instrument

6. A home tone is...

- a. The most important pitch in a scale or song, usually "do"
- b. The doorbell at your front door
- c. The final note of a song

7. What is the muscle that extends across the bottom of your ribcage that helps you take a deep breath when singing or playing a woodwind/brass instrument?

- a. Bicep
- b. Diaphragm
- c. Quadricep

8. How many notes does the pentatonic scale have?

- a. 4
- b. 5
- c. 8

9. A phrase is a musical _____ .

- a. Sentence
- b. Word
- c. Paragraph

10. Which of the following would have been a part of the Baroque Period?

- a. Fancy video games
- b. Fancy musical ornaments
- c. Fancy movies

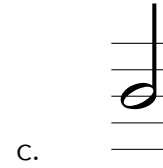
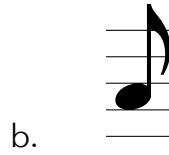
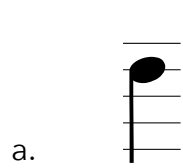
11. What is a composer?

- a. A person who builds instruments
- b. A person who writes music
- c. A person who plays an instrument

12. An accent mark over a note tells you to play the note...

- a. Softer than usual
- b. Smoother than usual
- c. Stronger than usual

13. Which picture below is a quarter note?



14. Composers use different dynamics to make music...

- a. Faster
- b. Slower
- c. More interesting

15. What does "decrescendo" mean?

- a. Gradually get louder
- b. Gradually get softer
- c. Stop performing

16. Lyrics are...

- a. Symbols that tell you how loud or soft to play
- b. The words of a song
- c. High and low pitches

17. What do we call an original piece of created music?

- a. A melody
- b. A measure
- c. A composition

18. Which musical form starts with a verse of lyrics, goes to a chorus, and returns to the lyrics?

- a. ABB form
- b. ABA form
- c. ABCA form

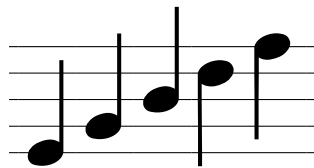
19. Rondo form is also called ABA__A form.

- a. A
- b. B
- c. C

20. An interval greater than a step is called...

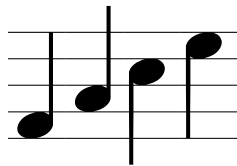
- a. A skip
- b. A jump
- c. A hop

21. What are the letter and solfège names (in C) for the LINES of a treble clef staff?



- a. ABCDE --- do, re, mi, fa, sol, la
- b. FACEG --- do, ti, la, sol, la, ti
- c. EGBDF --- mi, sol, ti, re, fa

22. What are the letter and solfège names (in C) for the SPACES of a treble clef staff?



- a. FACE --- fa, la, do, mi
- b. ACEE --- do, re, mi, fa
- c. EGGS --- do, ti, mi, sol

23. This is a picture of...



- a. Quarter notes
- b. An eighth note pair
- c. A quarter rest

24. Which instrument is NOT in the woodwind family?

- a. Flute
- b. Clarinet
- c. Tuba

25. What is tempo?

- a. The volume of the music
- b. The speed of the music
- c. The pitch of the music

26. What is pitch?

- a. How high or low a note is
- b. How loud or soft a note is
- c. How fast or slow a note is

27. What separates written/notated music into equal parts?

- a. Bar lines
- b. Measures
- c. Staves

28. After a verse, the repeated section of a song is called the...

- a. Refrain/chorus
- b. Verse
- c. Introduction